THE CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

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- 1. A method for time-scale compressing at least one talkspurt for transmission
 5 over a telephone network, the method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) establishing an access delay for the network;
 - (b) receiving at least one input frame of voice signal;
 - (c) removing a first portion of said least one input frame to form a time-scaled frame, the first portion comprising an integer number of pitch period=s worth of voice signal;
 - (d) repeating steps (b) and (c) until the total amount of voice signal from a plurality of such input frames is substantially the same as the access delay.
- 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein a new pitch period is calculated for each frame of voice signal from which a corresponding first portion is cut.
 - 3. The method according to claim 1, comprising the additional step of establishing a time interval over which said access delay is to be mitigated, wherein the time interval is longer than the access delay.
 - 4. The method according to claim 1, comprising the additional step of establishing a value governing a rate at which the access delay is mitigated.
- 5. The method according to claim 1, wherein steps (a)-(d) are performed for each talkspurt of a call.
 - 6. The method according to claim 1, wherein the first portion is removed from a terminal section of said frame.
- 7. The method according to claim 6, wherein an end portion of the time-scaled frame comprises an overlap-added segment.

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- 8. The method according to claim 7, wherein the overlap-added segment is formed from a first segment of the frame, the first segment located immediately before the first portion, and a second segment of the frame, the second segment comprising an endmost portion of the terminal section of the frame.
- 9. The method according to claim 8, wherein the first and second segments are each multiplied by a window and added together to form the overlap-added segment.
- 10. The method according to claim 1, wherein the first portion is removed from the frame, even if the first portion comprises unvoiced speech.
 - 11. The method according to claim 1, wherein the access delay is a channel access delay for the network.

12. The method according to claim 1, wherein the access delay is due to a delay associated with a voice activity detector.

13. In a communication device configured to operate in a discontinuous transmission packet telephony network having a channel access delay, the improvement comprising:

an access delay reducer (154) configured to remove a first portion of at least one frame of input voice signal to form a time-scaled frame, the first portion comprising an integer number of pitch period=s worth of the input voice signal.

14. The communication device according to claim 13, wherein the access delay reducer is configured to remove the first portion from a terminal section of said frame.

- 15. The communication device according to claim 14, wherein the access delay reducer is further configured to form an overlap-added segment at an end portion of the time-scaled frame.
- 16. The communication device according to claim 15, wherein the overlapadded segment is formed from a first segment of the frame, the first segment located immediately before the first portion, and a second segment of the frame, the second segment comprising an endmost portion of the terminal section of the frame.
- 17. The communication device according to claim 16, wherein the first and second segments are each multiplied by a window and added together to form the overlap-added segment.
- 18. The communication device according to claim 13, wherein the accessdelay reducer is configured to remove a first portion from a corresponding frame for each talkspurt of a call.
- 19. The communication device according to claim 13, wherein the access delay reducer is configured to remove the first portion from the frame, even if the first portion comprises unvoiced speech.